# From Fell to Fever

# fell, fells, felling, felled

- 1 past tense of fall.
- 2 (verb) to fell a tree means to cut it down. [Sense 2: Old English *fellan* = to cause to fall]

#### fellow, fellows

- 1 (noun; rather old-fashioned; informal) a man, e.g. My dear fellow, I really am sorry!
- **2** (adjective) You use fellow to describe people who have something in common with you, e.g. *Be kind to your fellow men.*

[Old Norse *felagi* — partner or associate]

# felt

- 1 past tense and past participle of feel.
- **2** (noun) thick cloth made from woollen fibres matted closely together.

### female, females

- 1 (noun) a person or animal that belongs to the sex that can have babies or young.
- **2** (adjective) relating to females. [Latin *femina* woman]

#### feminine

- 1 (adjective) relating to women.
- **2** belonging to a particular class of nouns in some languages, such as French, German and Latin, e.g. 'La porte' is a feminine noun.

femininity (noun)

[Latin *femina* = woman]

#### feminist

(noun) someone who believes that women should have the same rights, power and opportunities as men. feminism (noun) feminist (adjective)

# fence, fences, fencing, fenced

- 1 (noun) a wooden or wire barrier between two areas of land, or for horses to jump.
- 2 (verb) to do sword fencing.

#### fencino

(noun) a sport in which two people fight using special, thin swords called foils.

### fend, fends, fending, fended

- 1 (phrase) If you have to **fend for yourself**, you have to look after yourself.
- **2** (verb) If you fend off an attack or unwanted questions or attention, you defend yourself.

### ferment, ferments, fermenting, fermented

(verb) When wine, beer or fruit ferments, the sugar in it is converted to alcohol and carbon dioxide.

fermentation (noun)

[Latin fermentant — yeast]

# fern, ferns

(noun) a plant with long feathery leaves, which has no flowers and reproduces by spores.

ferocious (adjective) violent and fierce

# ferocious

(adjective) violent and fierce ferociously (adverb) ferocity (noun) [Latin *ferox* — like a wild animal]

# ferrous

(adjective) containing or relating to iron, e.g. ferrous metals. [Latin ferum — iron]

# ferry, ferries, ferrying, ferried

- 1 (noun) a boat that carries people and vehicles across short stretches of water.
- **2** (verb) to transport people or goods backwards and forwards, e.g. *They ferried groups to and from the station in the minibus*.

# fertile

(adjective) capable of producing strong, healthy plants, e.g. fertile land.

fertility (noun)

(Latin fertilis — fruitful)

# **fertilize, fertilizes, fertilizing, fertilized**; also spelled **fertilise**

- 1 (verb) When an egg, plant or female is fertilized, the process of reproduction begins by sperm joining with the egg, or by pollen touching the reproductive part of a plant.
- **2** to put manure or chemicals onto land to feed plants, crops, etc.

# **fertilizer**, **fertilizers**; also spelled **fertiliser**

(noun) a substance put onto soil to improve plant growth.

# festival, festivals

- **1** (noun) an organized series of events and performances, e.g. *the Knebworth pop festival*.
- **2** a day or period of religious celebration. [Latin *festum* festival

Similar words: fiesta, carnival, celebration

#### festive

(adjective) full of happiness and celebration, e.g. at Christmas or other festive occasions.

[Latin festum — festival]

# **festivity**, festivities

(noun) celebration and happiness, e.g. *He enjoyed the wedding festivities*.

# **fetch**, fetches, fetching, fetched

- **1** (verb) If you fetch something, you go to where it is and bring it back.
- **2** If something fetches a particular sum of money, it is sold for that amount, e.g. *Her paintings always fetch high prices*.

# **fête, fêtes** (rhymes with date)

(noun) an outdoor event with competitions, displays and goods for sale, usually to raise money for charity. [French *fête* — festival]

# fetlock, fetlocks

(noun) the back part of a horse's leg, just above the hoof.

#### fettle

(phrase) Someone who is in **fine fettle** is in good health.

# **feud, feuds** (pronounced fyood)

(noun) a long-lasting and very bitter quarrel, especially between families.

### **fever**, fevers

(noun) a condition in which a sick person has a very high temperature.

Name	ne: Clas	s:	Date:
1	Why would you use a page like this?		
2	How are the entries on the page organised?		
3	"felt  1 past tense and past participle of feel.  2 (noun) thick cloth made from woollen fibres man  The word in bold in this entry is called the headwords shown on the page?	• •	e first and last
4	What is the entry before "festival" and what is	the entry after "fest	ival"?
5	What type of word is "festivity"?		
6	After the entry for "festival", there is a list of t	nree similar words. V	Vhat are they?
7	How many definitions does the entry for "fend	" have?	
8	How does the explanation in brackets after th	e word "fête" help yo	ou to say it?
9	At the end of the entry for "ferocious", there is does it tell you?	some information in	square brackets.What
10	At the end of the entry for "ferry", there is a so of this sentence?	entence written in ito	alics.What is the purpose